

Safe Job Procedure for Extension Ladders

1. Selection and inspection

- Wear appropriate personal protective equipment.
- Use a ladder that is designed for the task. Check the ladder's length, strength/grade and type/use.
- Use a fibreglass ladder when doing electrical work or when working in close proximity to electrical equipment.
- Inspect the ladder prior to each use for the following;
- Damaged or worn non-slip feet.
- Loose nails, screws, bolts or nuts.
- Rotted, decayed or warped rails on wooden ladders.
- Cracked or exposed fibreglass on fibreglass ladders.
- Cracked, split, worn or broken rails, braces, steps or rungs.
- Sharp edges on rails and rungs.
- Rough or splintered surfaces.
- Corrosion, rust, oxidization and excessive wear.
- Twisted or distorted rails (check by sighting along the rails).
- Missing identification labels.
- Loose, broken or missing extension locks.
- Defective locks that do not seat properly when extended.
- Sufficient lubrication of working parts.
- Defective cords, chains or ropes.
- Do not use a broken or unsafe ladder, attach a warning tag, take it out-of-service and advise your supervisor.

2. Operation

- Get help when handling a heavy or long extension ladder.
- Check for overhead electrical wires or other hazards before setting up the ladder.
- Clear the area around the base of the ladder of debris and other objects.
- Set up barricades and warning signs wherever necessary.
- Place the ladder on a firm, level surface and ensure it is secure.
- Erect the ladder so the upper section rests on (in front of) the bottom section (i.e. the bottom section faces the wall or supporting surface).



 Two workers are required to set up a ladder weighing more than 25 kg (55 lb) or where conditions complicate the task.

Method for two workers setting up an extension ladder;

- Lay the ladder on the ground close to the intended location.
- One worker braces the ladder's base with his/her feet.
- The other worker grabs the top rung with both hands, raises the top end of the ladder over his/her head and walks toward the base of the ladder. Grasp the centre of the rungs.
- Move the erect ladder to the desired location. Lean it forward against the resting point.

Method for one worker setting up an extension ladder;

- Place the bottom of the ladder firmly against the base of the wall or stationary object.
- Lift the top of the ladder and push upwards to raise the ladder to a vertical position.
- Transfer the ladder to its required position when it is erect.
- Keep the ladder upright and close to your body with a firm grip.
- The method for lowering a ladder is the reverse of erecting it.
- Place the ladder's feet so that the horizontal distance between the feet and the top support is 1/4 of the working length of the ladder.
- The ladder should be leaning at a 75 degree angle from the ground.
- Raise and lower the ladder from the ground. Ensure that the locking ladder hooks are secure before climbing the ladder.
- Erect the ladder so that approximately one metre (3 ft) extends above a landing platform. Tie the top of the ladder at support points.
- Maintain the minimum overlap of sections as noted on the ladder's label.
- Brace or tie off the ladder near the base. If there is no structure to tie off to, use a stake.
 Leave the tie-off in place until the ladder is taken down.
- If your boots are muddy then clean the soles before climbing the ladder.
- Avoid climbing with wet soles. Ensure your footwear is in good condition.
- Face the stepladder when climbing up or down. Keep your body centered between the side rails.



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- Maintain a firm grip. Use both hands when climbing. Grasp the rungs.
- Maintain three point contact by keeping two hands and one foot, or two feet and on hand on the ladder at all times.

3. Storage and maintenance

- Clean a fibreglass ladder every three months. Spray it lightly with a clear lacquer or paste wax.
- Protect a wooden ladder with a clear sealer or wood preservative.
- Return ladders to the designated storage area after use.
- Store ladders where they are protected from the weather.
- Keep ladders clean and free of foreign materials.
- Keep wooden ladders in a well-ventilated location away from dampness and excessive heat.